

# **Rossmoyne Senior High School**

Semester Two Examination, 2017

**Question/Answer booklet** 

# MATHEMATICS METHODS UNITS 3 AND 4

Section Two: Calculator-assumed

Your name:

Teacher's name:

# Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: Working time:

ten minutes one hundred minutes

# Materials required/recommended for this section

**To be provided by the supervisor** This Question/Answer booklet Formula sheet (retained from Section One)

## To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

# Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators approved for use in this examination

# Important note to candidates

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised material. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

# Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of examination
Section One: Calculator-free	8	8	50	52	35
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	13	13	100	97	65
				Total	100

# Instructions to candidates

- 1. The rules for the conduct of examinations are detailed in the school handbook. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
- 2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer booklet.
- 3. You must be careful to confine your response to the specific question asked and to follow any instructions that are specified to a particular question.
- 4. Additional working space pages at the end of this Question/Answer booklet are for planning or continuing an answer. If you use these pages, indicate at the original answer, the page number it is planned/continued on and write the question number being planned/continued on the additional working space page.
- 5. Show all your working clearly. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
- 6. It is recommended that you do not use pencil, except in diagrams.
- 7. The Formula sheet is not to be handed in with your Question/Answer booklet.

2

# **METHODS UNITS 3 AND 4**

65% (97 Marks)

(8 marks)

# Section Two: Calculator-assumed

This section has **thirteen (13)** questions. Answer **all** questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Working time: 100 minutes.

# Question 9

(a)

The graph of y = f(x) is shown below for  $0 \le x \le 2$ , where  $f(x) = 2 + 3xe^{1-x}$ .



(b) An estimate for the area bounded by the curve, the *x*-axis, the *y*-axis and the line x = 2 is required. A suitable estimate can be calculated from the sum of the areas of four centred rectangles with heights f(0.25), f(0.75), f(1.25) and f(1.75), each with a width of 0.5 units.

- (i) Clearly show these four rectangles on the graph above. (2 marks)
- (ii) Use the rectangles to estimate the area, giving your answer correct to 2 decimal places. (3 marks)

(8 marks)

#### **Question 10**

The capacity, *X* mL, of glass bottles made in a factory can be modelled by a normal distribution with mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation 6.5 mL.

4

(i) 
$$P(X \le 660)$$
. (1 mark)

(ii) 
$$P(X > 650 | X < 660)$$
. (2 marks)

(iii) the value of x, if 
$$P(X > x) = \frac{1}{7}$$
. (1 mark)

(b) Given that 
$$P(X \le k) = 0.983$$
,

(i) determine the value of 
$$\mu$$
 in terms of k. (3 marks)

(ii) determine  $\mu$  if k = 775. (1 mark)

# (9 marks)

Birthday crackers are meant to contain a printed joke. However it is found that in a box of 100, 2% are blank.

(a) Identify the probability distribution of X = the number of blank jokes in a box of crackers and also give the mean and standard deviation. (3 marks)

(b) Determine the probability that there are at least 5 blanks in a randomly selected box.

(2 marks)

Samples of 20 boxes are collected and the number of blanks recorded.

(c) Determine a 90% confidence interval for the proportion of blanks in a sample of 20 boxes, assuming that 2% are blank. (2 marks)

(d) Using your 90% confidence interval from part (c), determine the range in which the expected number of blanks in a sample of 20 boxes would lie. (2 marks)

6

#### CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

# Question 12

# (9 marks)

A fair die has one face numbered 3, two faces numbered 2 and three faces numbered 1.

(a) Determine the probability that the second odd number occurs on the fourth throw of the die. (3 marks)

(b) The die is thrown twice and *X* is the sum of the two scores.

(i) Complete the table below to show the probability distribution of *X*. (2 marks)

x	2	3	4	5	6
P(X=x)		$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{5}{18}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	

(ii) Determine  $P(X = 3 | 3 \le X \le 4)$ .

(2 marks)

(iii) Calculate E(X). (2 marks)

7

#### (7 marks)

The lifetime, T years, of a make of radio transmitter is a continuous random variable with probability density function given by

$$f(t) = 0.08e^{-0.08t}, \qquad 0 \le t < \infty.$$

(a) Determine the probability that a randomly chosen transmitter has a lifetime of less than 20 years. (2 marks)

(b) A company buys 18 transmitters. If they operate independently of each other, determine the probability that at least 15 of them will have lifetimes of less than 20 years. (2 marks)

(c) A transmitter has already been operating for exactly 21 years. Determine the probability that it will **not** fail within the next year. (3 marks)

#### (9 marks)

(a) (i) A researcher wants to survey a proportion of individuals from the City of Melville to ask them how often they go to the cinema. They decide to go to their nearest public library and survey a group of 30 individuals. Assuming that they received responses from all 30 people, is their method of sampling appropriate? Justify your answer.

(2 marks)

(ii) After receiving some complaints about the packaging of Pingu's Pizzas, a quality control manager has decided to sample every 30<sup>th</sup> box of frozen pizza on the production line to determine the proportion of pizzas which have been packaged upside down. Given that the packaging machine malfunctions at every 60<sup>th</sup> box, explain how the manager's sampling method would misrepresent the true proportion. (2 marks)

A researcher wants to estimate the proportion of Western Australian teachers who are aged under 30. The researcher plans to collect sample data by visiting schools and asking teachers.

(b) Determine, to the nearest 10, the sample size the researcher should use to ensure that the margin of error of a 95% confidence interval is no more than 3%. (3 marks)

(c) Comment on how your answer to (b) would change if the researcher had a reliable estimate that the population proportion was close to 12%. Justify your response. (2 marks)

#### (8 marks)

210 black and 790 white spherical beads, identical except for their colour, are placed in a container and thoroughly mixed.

In experiment A, a bead is randomly selected, its colour noted and then replaced until a total of 16 beads have been selected.

(a) The random variable *X* is the number of black beads selected in experiment *A*. Determine P(X > 4). (2 marks)

(b) Experiment *A* is repeated 10 times. Determine the probability that at least one black bead is selected in each of these experiments. (2 marks)

In experiment B, a bead is randomly selected, its colour noted and then replaced until a total of 50 beads have been selected.

Experiments *A* and *B* are repeated a large number of times, with the proportions of black beads in each experiment,  $\hat{p}_A$  and  $\hat{p}_B$  respectively, recorded.

(c) Which proportion,  $\hat{p}_A$  or  $\hat{p}_B$ , has a distribution that most likely approximates to normality? Explain your answer and state the mean and standard deviation of the normal distribution for the proportion you have chosen. (4 marks)

(7 marks)

The curve  $y = 5\pi - x + \sin x$  is shown below passing through  $P(3\pi, 2\pi)$ .



A straight line joins the origin to *P*, dividing the shaded area into two regions, *A* and *B*.

(a) Show that when 
$$x = 5\pi$$
,  $y = 0$ . (1 mark)

(b) Determine the value of 
$$\int_0^{3\pi} (5\pi - x + \sin x) dx$$
. (2 marks)

(c) Determine the ratio of the area of region A to the area of region B in the form 1: k. (4 marks) 12

#### **Question 17**

#### (8 marks)

Hick's law, shown below, models the average time, T seconds, for a person to make a selection when presented with n equally probable choices.

 $T = a + b \log_2(n + 1)$ , where a and b are positive constants.

(a) Draw the graph of *T* vs *n* on the axes below when a = 5 and b = 10. (3 marks)



(b) When a pizzeria had 12 choices of pizza, the average time for patrons to make a choice was 40 seconds. After increasing the number of choices by 15, the average time to make their choice increased by 20%.

Modelling the relationship with Hick's law, predict the average time to make a choice if patrons were offered a choice of 16 pizzas. (5 marks)

The mass, X g, of wasted metal when a cast is made is a random variable with probability density function given by

13

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2(a-x)}{a^2} & 0 \le x \le a, \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere,} \end{cases}$$

where a is a positive constant.

(a) Determine E(X) in terms of *a*.

(b) The total mass of wasted metal from a random sample of 35 casts was 595 g. Estimate the value of a. (2 marks)

- If a = 15, determine (c)
  - (i)  $P(X \leq 6).$
  - (3 marks) (ii) Var(X).

## (8 marks)

(2 marks)

(1 mark)

(7 marks)

A polynomial function 
$$f(x)$$
 is such that  $\int_{1}^{8} 5f(x) dx = 30$ .

(a) Show that 
$$\int_{8}^{1} f(x) dx = -6.$$
 (2 marks)

(b) Determine the value of 
$$\int_{1}^{2} (2 + f(x)) dx + \int_{2}^{8} (f(x) - 2x + 2) dx.$$
 (5 marks)

# (6 marks)

A popcorn container of capacity 500 mL is made from paper and has the shape of an open inverted cone of radius r and height h.

Determine the least area of paper required to make the container.

#### (3 marks)

A random sample of 630 wombats from a nature reserve are captured, tagged and then set free. After a suitable interval, during which time it is assumed that the wombat population does not change, another random sample of 360 wombats is caught and 27 of these are observed to be tagged.

1.	- )	Chavy that a	naint actimate fo	with a sime of the		nulation is 0,400	
(č	a)	Show that a	point estimate to	or the size of th	e wombat po	pulation is 8 400.	(1 mark)

(b) Construct a 95% confidence interval for the proportion of wombats in the population that are tagged. (2 marks)

Additional working space

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_

Additional working space

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_

Additional working space

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_

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